U	Pulse	Ter	np		n I	ta	lian	
്ഗ	The beat of the music. Every piece of music has a heartbeat. It doesn't need to be played by drums - you can 'feel' the beat.	Largo	Adagio	Andan	te	Allegro	Presto	
3	Rhythm	Very Slow	Slow	Walking p	bace	Fast	Very Fast	
\mathbb{Z}	Notes have different lengths, some long, some short. When we combine long and short sounds, it creates a pattern, which is a rhythm.	Dyn	am	nics	រំ ហ	lta	alian	
പ്ര	Pitch	pp	\boldsymbol{p}	тp	тf	f	<i>ff</i>	
6	Pitch is a variation of high and low sounds. Pitch increases and decreases by steps of a scale. Scales are Major and Minor.	Pianissimo	Piano	Mezzo Piano	Mezzo Forte	Forte	Fortissimo	
6	Tempo	Very Quiet	Quiet	Medium Quiet	Medium Loud	Loud	Very Loud	
٩ ٩	Tempo means the speed of the music. Music can change tempo within a piece. We describe tempo using Italian words.	Gradually getting louder Gradually getting quieter						
JØĽ	Dynamics Dynamics means the volume of the music. Music can change dynamics within a piece. We describe dynamics using Italian words.	Rhythm Symbols and Values						
Ľ	Structure	0	6			♪		
	Music is divided into sections. The order of these sections creates a structure. Song structure includes Chorus, Verse, Instrumental etc.	Semibreve	Minim	Crotc	het	Quaver	Semiquaver	
ய	Texture	4 beats	2 beats	: 1 be	at	1/2 beat	1/4 beat	
0	A single melody creates a thin sound. Adding more parts/layers creates a bigger sound. These layers can interact with each other.	Rhyt	:hm	s int	to S	sylla	ables	
ے	Timbre Each instrument has a unique sound and sounds different to others.	Tea	Coffee	Lemonade		ca-Cola	Pineapple	